Environmental Public Health Indicators: A (somewhat) Modest Proposal

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The views expressed during this presentation are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of their respective organizations, honest.

Goal of this session

Develop consensus regarding the <u>process</u> to develop 'national' 'priority' environmental public health indicators (EPHI).

Today, we are discussing the PROCESS to move forward; NOT the substantive issues.

Where we've been

- CDC/CSTE EPHI effort conceptual
- Indicator activity in RFP
- Introduction to EPHI uses, examples, data sources (Kick-off mtg, Atlanta, Feb 2003)
- Discussion of indicator activity (EPHTN Workshop, Chicago, July 2003)
- Pre-conference workshop on EPHIs (CSTE Annual Meeting, Boise, June 2004)
- Western states' meeting discussion (Seattle, July 2004)

What do we mean by 'indicators'?

- "Indicators are a construct of public health surveillance that define a specific measure of health or risk status (or determinants of health) among a specific population."
- "Surveillance indicators allow a state to compare its health or risk status with that of other states and evaluate trends over time within the state, and guide priorities for prevention and intervention efforts."
 - -- CSTE, 2003 "Occupational Health...Indicators, Results from Pilot Project

How have others done this?

Occupational Health Indicators

- NIOSH funding
- CSTE coordination and support
- States did the work (developing, testing, producing)
 - SOSC core states lead, other funded and unfunded states participated
- Identified criteria, listed and prioritized indicators
- Piloted indicators and generated how-to documents
- Developed products
 - Indicator document & How-to guide (continual refinement)
 - Published results
- OHI now required for NIOSH funding of surveillance

Chronic Disease Indicators

- CDC funded
- CSTE coordinated with Chronic Disease Directors to develop first 73 (now 92)
- Majority of data are produced centrally (CDC) and distributed to state programs
- Indicators have been used
 - Publish national and some state data
 - Develop state surveillance system(s)
 - Assess state progress, inform local planning

Other Indicators

- Injury Lead by national program directors (STIPDA) with CDC support and CSTE assistance, went from 12 to 26 states (2001 to 2004)
- EPA Began with national level indicators, currently moving to regional (EPHT people are participating)

How shall <u>we</u> do it? A modest proposal

Goal: develop and implement a (finite) set of 'national' priority environmental health indicators within a reasonable timeframe.

Address NEPHT Goals:

- #1 Nationally Sustainable
- #2 Build Capacity
- #3 Disseminate Credible Information
- #4 Advance Science & Research
- #5 Address the Public Health-Environment Gap

Factors to consider

- Cost/value of process
- Leadership/driving force/decision making
- Value of products (need for comparability)
- Capacity building
- Sustainability
- Need to produce early successes

It must be simple, useful, practical and have scientific validity.

(Dr. Judy Qualters, 2nd Annual Environmental Public Health Tracking Network Workshop. San Francisco, October 12, 2004)

Envisioned EPHI Development Process

Finalize criteria for Generate and selecting indicators present measures Evaluate candidate indicators Develop definitions and guidance documents Select priority/feasible indicators

EPHI Collaborators/Harmonizing

- EPHT states and cities
- COE
- CDC
- CSTE
- EPA
- Other EPHT partners
- Other work on environmental and other indicators

"Coalition of the willing" (to work)

Some Thoughts on EPHI & EPHT

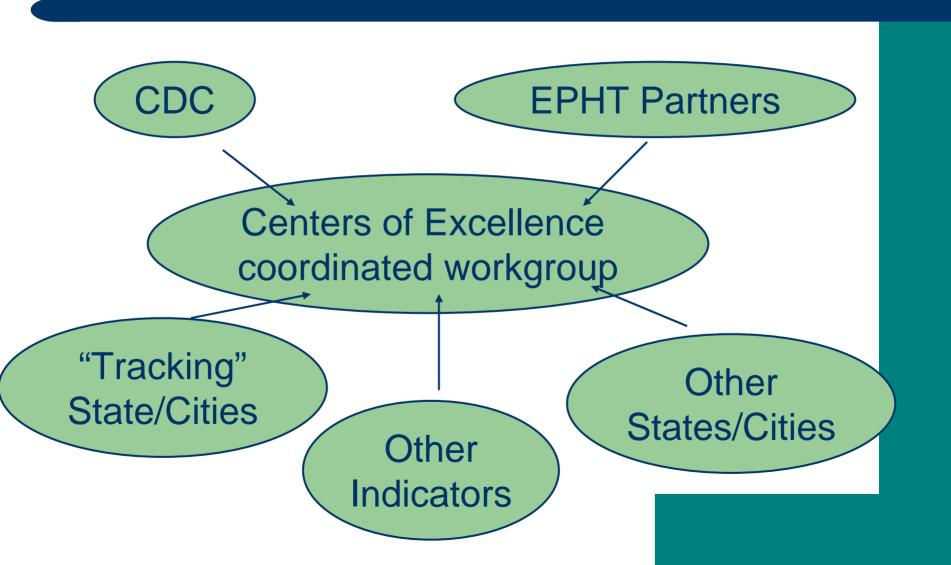
EPHI is NOT an effort to define the "network"

EPHT funded states/cities are logical leaders in further development of EPHI

Other states and cities should also be able to generate these measures

Provide a general picture of environmental health for each state and comparable data

Proposed EPHI Development Structure



Occupational Health Indicators Criteria

- Availability of easily obtainable data across states (cities)*
- Public health importance*
- Potential for intervention

*Chronic disease indicator criteria

Issues in Occ Indicator Process

- Discrepancies between states' data
- Comparing state data (presentation)
- Product review
- Indicator development timeline
- Responsibility & commitment to consensus
- Organization and leadership

Let's talk.....